

英 語

(2月3日)

開始時刻 午前 10 時 30 分
終了時刻 午前 11 時 30 分

注 意 事 項

- 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
- この冊子は 14 ページです。落丁、乱丁、印刷の不鮮明及び解答用紙の汚れなどがあつた場合には申し出てください。
- 解答用紙には解答欄以外に次の記入欄があるので、監督者の指示に従って、それぞれ正しく記入し、マークしてください。
 - 受験番号欄
受験番号を記入し、さらにその下のマーク欄にマークしてください。正しくマークされていない場合は、採点できないことがあります。
 - 氏名欄
氏名とフリガナを記入してください。
- 解答は解答用紙の解答欄にマークしてください。例えば、 と表示のある問いに対して③と解答する場合は、次の(例)のように解答番号 10 の解答欄の③にマークしてください。
(例)

10	①	②	③	④
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- 問題冊子の余白等は適宜利用してもかまいませんが、どのページも切り離してはいけません。
- 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰ってください。

1 次の A～B に答えなさい。

A 次の問 1～3 のそれぞれの語①～④から、下線部の発音が他の 3 つの場合と異なるものを 1 つずつ選びなさい。

- 問 1
- ① laugh ② cough ③ enough ④ through
- 問 2
- ① broad ② boat ③ coat ④ float
- 問 3
- ① arrange ② ancient ③ chance ④ mistake

B 次の問 4～5 のそれぞれの語①～④から、第一アクセント(第一強勢)の位置が他の 3 つの場合と異なるものを 1 つずつ選びなさい。

- 問 4
- ① mu-si-cian ② mos-qui-to ③ cal-en-dar ④ dis-cov-er
- 問 5
- ① com-mu-ni-cate ② op-er-a-tion ③ in-dus-tri-al ④ en-cour-age-ment

— 1 —

2 次の英文を読んで、下の問 1～10 に答えなさい。

The Silk Road was very important to the story of the Polo family and their journey to China. But the Silk Road was not just one large road. It was a number of different routes, often with smaller roads at the side to places that were good for trade.

One of the most famous Silk Road routes went from Xi'an in eastern China to Kashgar in western China, then through Samarkand in Central Asia and Baghdad in the Middle East, and finished at cities on the Black Sea and the Mediterranean Sea.

The Silk Road began in the second century BC, but of course it did not stay the same over the centuries. Different routes sometimes became more important than others new trade or fighting in some areas.

One surprising thing about the Silk Road is its name. People often think that the name is many hundreds of years old, but this is not true. The German traveller Ferdinand von Richthofen first used the words 'Silk Road' in the nineteenth century to describe the different routes from China to Europe. The name is from the most famous thing to come from China—silk.

Silk was one of the most important trade goods. It was very valuable in Europe and merchants could carry it easily on their horses or camels. Silk was as valuable as gold and traders often used it as money to buy spices or other goods. At this time people made silk beautiful carpets, clothes, shoes, and pictures.

Trade goods were not the only things that came along the Silk Road. Important new ideas and religions moved with people too. Buddhism travelled from India to China along the Silk Road. And people later brought ideas out of China—how to make paper and gunpowder. .

Modern tourists can now visit parts of the Silk Road by train, bus, or plane. of course journeys at the time of Marco Polo were a lot slower. Merchants travelled about 40 kilometres on a very good day but under 20 kilometres on a bad day.

Travellers like the Polos often rode on horses or camels. Large Bactrian camels were best when you had to cross high mountains like the Pamirs in Central Asia. These strong animals could live with the sudden changes from hot to cold on those difficult parts of the Silk Road.

After a long day, travellers usually stopped at a caravanserai—a place where travellers could stay. Visitors could find food, drink, and somewhere to sleep there. It was a good place to meet other travellers too, and perhaps find a new caravan to journey with. Merchants also talked late into the night there, and sometimes learned important news about roads or

markets in the area.

The *caravanserais* often had one large door for all the people and camels to go through. There were big walls all around the place, which protected travellers from thieves and dangerous animals at night.

But in some of the bigger towns and cities there were large and beautiful *caravanserais*. After a hard day on the road, tired travellers could find a bed, a bath, and a market with fine food when they stopped there.

Some of the larger *caravanserais* were in famous places on the Silk Road like Bukhara or Samarkand in modern-day Uzbekistan. These cities were made rich by traders from across Asia and Europe. There are still many beautiful buildings there like the Bibi Khanum Mosque in Samarkand and the Mir-i Arab Madrasah in Bukhara.

You can still stay in a *caravanserai* today. But these places are now nice comfortable hotels with showers, televisions, and restaurants for the modern tourists on the Silk Road.

- 問 1
- 下線部⑥の it did not stay the same over the centuries に最も近い意味をもつものを下の①～④から 1 つ選びなさい。
- ① the Silk Road became less and less important over the hundreds of years
② people used the Silk Road for the same purposes
③ the Silk Road went through many changes during the hundreds of years it existed
④ people continued to travel on the same route of the Silk Road

- 問 2
- 空所 を補うのに最も適切なものを下の①～④から 1 つ選びなさい。
- ① instead of ② in addition to
③ in comparison with ④ because of

- 問 3
- 下線部⑧の this is not true に最も近い意味をもつものを下の①～④から 1 つ選びなさい。
- ① the name Silk Road is not as popular as it was
② the name Silk Road is not as old as people think
③ not all the routes are named the Silk Road
④ old people don't use the name Silk Road any longer

問 4
空所 を補うのに最も適切なものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① of ② from ③ into ④ on

問 5
空所 を補うのに最も適切なものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① for example ② after all ③ as a result ④ at times

問 6
空所 を補うのに最も適切なものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① Ahead ② On account ③ But ④ In consequence

問 7
下線部⑫の live with に最も近い意味をもつものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① tolerate ② refuse ③ enjoy ④ stop

問 8
下線部⑬の a caravanserai に最も近い意味をもつものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① a shop ② an office ③ a restaurant ④ an inn

問 9
以下の文は空所 ～ のいずれかに入る。最も適切な箇所を下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

A lot of *caravanserais* were just small rooms made from stone, and visitors slept on the cold floor.

- ① 14-a ② 14-b ③ 14-c ④ 14-d

問10
本文の内容と一致するものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① The Silk Road was named by Marco Polo.
② The Silk Road began more than two thousand years ago.
③ Silk was very valuable in Europe because it was very difficult to carry from China.
④ Travellers on the Silk Road always had to sleep in the open air.

3 次の英文を読んで、下の問1～10に答えなさい。

People sometimes call the human body a machine — the most wonderful one ever built. Of course, the human body is not a machine. But it can be compared to one in many ways. Like a machine, the body is made of many parts. Each part of the body, like each part of a machine, does special jobs. But all the parts work together and so make the body or the machine run smoothly. Also like a machine, the body needs energy to work. In such a machine as an automobile, the energy comes from gasoline. In the body, it comes from food and oxygen.

Although the human body can be compared to a machine, it is far more amazing than any machine. It can do things that no machine can do. For example, the body can grow. The body starts out as one cell. In time, this tiny cell develops into a body consisting of trillions of cells. The human body can also replace certain worn-out parts. Each day, several billion cells in the body die and are replaced by cell division. , the body is always rebuilding itself. Every 35 to 45 days, for instance, the human body replaces the outermost layer of skin.

The human body can defend itself against hundreds of diseases. The body can also repair itself after most small injuries. Many body parts, the heart and kidneys, work continuously. The heart of a 70-year-old person, for example, has pumped about 55 million gallons (208 million liters) of blood during that person's life. The person's kidneys have also removed wastes from more than 1 million gallons (3.8 million liters) of blood.

By using its senses, the body can detect changes in its surroundings, such as changes in temperature, light, or sounds. It can adjust to these changes quickly. The body's senses are truly incredible. For instance, people can learn to identify thousands of odors. smell is one of the least developed senses in human beings. The human body can also detect changes that occur within itself, such as changes in body temperature. The various parts of the body continuously adjust their activities to keep the "inside" environment normal. Such adjustments rely on a system of nerves that carries messages from one part of the body to another. The messages travel at speeds of up to 400 to 425 feet (120 to 130 meters) per second.

The most remarkable part of the human body is the brain. The human brain is so highly developed that it makes people different from all other living things. Their magnificent brain makes people able to think. They can compose silly rhymes or beautiful poetry. They can imagine a dream world or study the mysteries of the atom. No animal — no matter how smart — and no computer — no matter how powerful — can think like a human being.

問 1
下線部⑯の one と同じ意味・用法の one が含まれるものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① I met her one evening last week.
② Everybody seems to have a PC. I think I must have one.
③ One picture is worth a thousand words.
④ One can read this book in an hour.

問 2
空所 を補うのに最も適切なものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① in ② over ③ up ④ down

問 3
下線部⑱の it is far more amazing than any machine に最も近い意味をもつものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① it is amazing that the human body can use any machine
② any machine can do what the human body can do
③ the human body is amazingly skillful at using any machine
④ machines are much less amazing than the human body

問 4
空所 を補うのに最も適切なものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① Thus ② However ③ Otherwise ④ Still

問 5
空所 を補うのに最も適切なものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① in fact ② for all ③ thanks to ④ such as

問 6
空所 を補うのに最も適切なものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① as ② next ③ yet ④ so

問 7
下線部⑳の Such adjustments の一例として最も適切なものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① The human body can react to changes occurring within itself.
② The human body uses its senses to detect changes outside it.
③ If body temperature gets too high, the various parts of the body change their activities to restore it to normal.
④ If people learn to identify thousands of odors, they can detect changes within them.

問 8
下線部㉑の Their magnificent brain makes people able to think. に最も近い意味をもつものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① People are able to think even though their brain is not so large.
② People could think if they had a magnificent brain.
③ The human brain has developed more magnificently than people think.
④ It is the human brain that enables people to think.

問 9
下線部㉒の They can compose silly rhymes or beautiful poetry. に最も近い意味をもつものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① Human beings are able to arrange words in ways that they can enjoy.
② Human beings are too silly to make beautiful poetry.
③ All other living things are so stupid that they cannot make beautiful poetry.
④ All other living things can make meaningless rhymes but cannot make beautiful poetry.

問10
本文の内容と一致するものを下の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

- ① Unlike a machine, the human body needs energy.
② The human body can do anything better than machines.
③ When the human body is injured slightly, it can usually repair the injury on its own.
④ The heart is more remarkable than any other part of the human body.

4 次の問1～5の空所(26 ~ 30)を補うのに最も適切なものをそれぞれ下の①～④から1つずつ選びなさい。

- 問1 The old man was so stubborn that I couldn't get 26 with him.
 ① along ② over ③ in ④ through
- 問2 The President has 27 up a committee to look into the accident.
 ① kept ② taken ③ set ④ given
- 問3 The high-rise building stood 28 against the blue sky.
 ① in ② on ③ away ④ out
- 問4 She lost consciousness, but soon 29 to and opened her eyes.
 ① went ② came ③ slept ④ lay
- 問5 The accident came 30 through her carelessness.
 ① across ② aside ③ along ④ about

— 8 —

問5 ブラッドはきのうから何も食べていないようだ。

- It _____ 35 _____ yesterday.
 eaten / since / anything / Brad / that / hasn't / seems
- ① eaten ② since ③ that ④ hasn't

— 10 —

5 次の問1～5の日本語の英訳を、それぞれ下の _____ 中の語をすべて用いて下線部と空所に1語ずつ補って完成させなさい。その場合、それぞれの間の空所(31 ~ 35)に入れるのに最も適切なものを下の①～④から1つずつ選びなさい。なお、文頭に用いる語の最初の文字も小文字で示されている。

- 問1 そうするのが適当だとあなたが思うなら私には異存がない。
 If _____ 31 _____, I have no objection.
 it / do / fit / you / to / so / think
- ① it ② fit ③ to ④ think
- 問2 彼女が成功したのは運がよかったからではなくて、努力したからだ。
 It was _____ by _____ but through her _____ 32 _____ succeeded.
 fortune / not / efforts / that / she / own / good
- ① fortune ② not ③ that ④ good
- 問3 到着の時間をメールで知らせてください。そうすれば駅までお迎えに参ります。
 Please _____ the time _____ 33 _____ email, and I will be at the station to meet you.
 your / by / know / arrival / let / of / me
- ① your ② know ③ let ④ of
- 問4 彼の犬はもう少しで車にひかれるところだった。
 _____ narrowly _____ 34 _____ a car.
 being / his / over / by / run / dog / escaped
- ① being ② over ③ run ④ escaped

— 9 —

6 次の問1～5について、英文を構成するうえで不適切な箇所を下線部①～④からそれぞれ1つずつ選びなさい。

- 問1 36
 Concerning he was thoroughly scolded, he masked his discouragement and began working harder than before.
 ① ② ③ ④
- 問2 37
 If I would have answered one more question, I would have passed the entrance examination for Harvard.
 ① ② ③ ④
- 問3 38
 In recent years a large number of our equipment has been stolen from construction sites.
 ① ② ③ ④
- 問4 39
 On Sundays, I usually go for shopping and go to the movies with friends, but there are no Japanese subtitles. That is a big challenge for me.
 ① ② ③ ④
- 注) subtitle: 字幕
- 問5 40
 In New York I took the subway by myself although I have told that it was dangerous.
 ① ② ③ ④

— 11 —

7 次の会話を読んで、空所(41 ~ 45)を補うのに最も適切なものを、それぞれ下の①~④から1つずつ選びなさい。

John: Is that kind of behavior common at World Cup Soccer Games? 41 butting, biting or kicking players of the opposing team.

Alice: It's not unusual. The players are so excited that they can't keep their anger under control.

John: That's regrettable. Children see them on TV. They think 42 and imitate it. Sport is supposed to teach children good manners for team sports. But how can we tell them not to butt, bite or kick the opponent when they see top stars behaving so badly?

Alice: It's not only soccer. I liked baseball until I saw a player hit the umpire in the face after protesting to him. I don't want my children to see that.

John: 43. It's as if bad manners are one of the attractions of the game. Fans shout for joy when players commit fouls and resort to violence.

Alice: It's quite different from what I was taught when I was young.

John: 44. When I took part in the National High School Baseball Championship more than twenty years ago, our coach taught us a great lesson. He said "True sportsmanship rests on this foundation: that a player would rather lose a point, and indeed lose the game itself, than break the rules."

Alice: 45. I definitely want children to learn the true meaning of sportsmanship.

注) butt: 頭突きをする

41

- ① We mention ② They say ③ You talk ④ I mean

42

- ① it's warm ② they are cold ③ it's cool ④ they are mild

43

- ① Me neither ② I am too ③ Either am I ④ Also do I

44

- ① That is the question ② It's wrong
③ It's too difficult ④ That's right

45

- ① I don't think so ② That's valuable information
③ He is a funny old thing ④ It's beyond my comprehension

8 次の問1~5の空所(46 ~ 50)を補うのに最も適切なものを、それぞれ下の①~④から1つずつ選びなさい。

問1 He was totally at his wits' 46 when he lost his job.

- ① start ② finish ③ end ④ beginning

問2 The trading company employee was at 47 in six foreign languages.

- ① school ② house ③ office ④ home

問3 He went to university with a 48 to eventually becoming an architect.

- ① view ② scene ③ landscape ④ range

問4 49 to the 1986 agreement, we were not permitted to change the level of investment.

- ① Considering ② Granting ③ According ④ Allowing

問5 His remarks have nothing to do with the subject 50 discussion.

- ① below ② under ③ above ④ over