# 2020年度一般入学試験問題

# 英語

(2月8日)

開始時刻 午前10時30分

終了時刻 午前11時40分

#### 注意事項

- 1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
- 2. この冊子は13ページです。落丁、乱丁、印刷の不鮮明及び解答用紙の汚れなどがあった場合に は申し出てください。
- 3. 解答用紙には解答欄以外に次の記入欄があるので、監督者の指示に従って、それぞれ正しく記入し、マークしてください。
  - ① 受験番号欄

受験番号を記入し、さらにその下のマーク欄にマークしてください。正しくマークされていない場合は、採点できないことがあります。

② 氏名欄

氏名とフリガナを記入してください。

4. 解答は解答用紙の解答欄にマークしてください。例えば、 10 と表示のある問いに対して ③と解答する場合は、次の(例)のように解答番号 10 の解答欄の③にマークしてください。 (例)

10 1 2 3 4

- 5. 問題冊子の余白等は適宜利用してもかまいません。
- 6. 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰ってください。

】次の <b>問 1 ~ 10</b> の空所( <u>1</u> ①~④から1つずつ選びなさい.	」~ <u>10</u> )をネ	甫うのに最も適切な	: 60	りを,それぞれ下の
問 1 Tom was out of breath bed  ① he's been running  ③ he did ran	cause 1 . ②	he'd been running he's run	),	
<b>周 2</b> The first speech was given ① no one ② ot	than ther not 3	Clint Eastwood.	4	none other
問 3 Don't go too fast. I can't ke ① up with ② on	eep 3 you.	on to	4	up to
問 4 We got 4 from the  ① few information  ③ some information	e tourist office.  ②  ④	many information		
① enough the money	the bills.	the enough mone		
問 6 She insisted 6 her	lawyer.	money the enough	( <b>4</b> )	seeing
問 7 The police want 7	anything suspicious report 3		4	we report
問 8 Robert said it would be don	_	personally I do	_	
問 9 I pushed my way 9	the people.	through	<ul><li>(4)</li></ul>	over
問10 He doesn't smoke and she		though	<b>(4</b> )	either

**2** 次の英文[A]~[B]を読んで,下の問 1 ~ 10 に答えなさい.

[A]

In a human-made environment, surrounded by animals and plants of our choice, we feel ourselves to have escaped the limits of nature. Weather and climate impinge on our lives with far 11 immediacy. Food is often highly processed and comes in packages, revealing little of its origins in the soil.

We forget the source of our water and energy, the destination of our garbage and our sewage. We forget that as biological beings we are as dependent on clean air and water, uncontaminated soil and biodiversity as any other creature. Cut off from the sources of our food and water and the consequences of our way of life, we imagine a world under our control and will risk or sacrifice almost anything to make sure our way of life continues. As cities continue to increase around the world, policy decisions will more and more reflect the illusory bubble we have come to believe as reality.

As we distance ourselves further from the natural world, we are increasingly surrounded by and dependent on our own inventions. We become enslaved by the constant demands of technology created to serve us. Consider our response to the insistence of a ringing telephone or our behavioral conformity to the commands of computers. 12 from the sources of our own existence, from the skills of survival and from the realities of those who still live in rural areas, we have become dulled, impervious and slow.

Through our loss of a worldview, our devotion to consumerism and our move into the cities and away from nature, we have lost our connection to the rest of the living planet. We must find a new story, a narrative that includes us in the continuum of Earth's time and space, reminding us 13 the destiny we share with all the planet's life, restoring purpose and meaning to human existence.

(注) impinge: (人やものに)影響を与える

immediacy:直接(性)

sewage:汚水

biological: 生物学的な

uncontaminated:汚染されていない

biodiversity:生物(学的)多様性

illusory: 実在しない、架空の

become enslaved: ~のとりこになる conformity:(慣習・規則などへの)服従, 従順 impervious:鈍感な our devotion to consumerism:消費主義への我々の傾倒 the continuum of Earth's time and space:地球の時間と空間の連続体 問 1 11 を補うのに最も適切なものを、下の①~④から1つ選びなさい. 空所 1 more (2) less 3 most 問 2 12 空所 を補うのに最も適切なものを、下の①~④から1つ選びなさい. 4 United ① Divorced 2 Met 3 Entered 問 3 13 を補うのに最も適切なものを、下の①~④から1つ選びなさい. 空所  $\bigcirc$  of (1) at (2) in 問 4 本文の内容と一致するものを、下の①~④から1つ選びなさい. ① We are fully prepared to change our way of life.

- 2 We always identify the sources of our food and water.
- (3) We have become disconnected from nature.
- 4 We have moved more and more to rural areas.

## 問 5 15

本文の内容と**一致しないもの**を、下の①~④から1つ選びなさい.

- ① We depend on technological inventions that are not natural.
- ② In the future, policy decisions will increasingly have little connection with reality.
- 3 We are very responsive to phones and computers.
- 4 It is impossible for humans to be connected to nature.

[B]

Rhyme is always noticed in English. You may even hear someone comment on it, if a rhyme unexpectedly appears in a conversation. "Ooh, you're a poet and you didn't know it!" What's the reason for this?

Words rhyme when they end with the same vowel sounds (as in *me* and *tea*) or the same sequence of vowels and consonants (as in *cat* and *mat*, or *ready* and *steady*). In the English tradition, the beginning of the words must be different. It doesn't feel comfortable to say that *ready* rhymes with *ready*.

The longer the rhyming sequence, the 16 effective the rhyme. A popular word game is to find really long rhymes. Is there a word in English that rhymes with *nomination? Domination*. With *harmonious?* Euphonious. People also enjoy hunting 17 words that don't have any rhymes at all. For example, no word in English rhymes with *silver*.

We learn to love rhymes at a very early age. Some of our earliest linguistic memories are of nursery rhymes: *Jack and Jill / went up a hill ...* And we played with rhymes in the street, while bouncing a ball against a wall, or while skipping ("Three six nine, the goose drank wine ...").

So why are rhymes so effective in English? The answer is partly to 18 with the structure of the language. Words in English don't usually end with the same sounds. So when we do make them end in the same way, the effect is really noticeable.

Rhymes are fun, and they sound nice, but they can be useful 19. What do we do if we want to remember something really well? We rhyme.

(注) vowel:母音(字)

consonant: 子音(字)

euphonious:耳に快い

nursery rhyme: (伝承)童謡

bounce: (ボールなどを)はずませる

**問 6** 16 空所 16 を補うのに最も適切なものを、下の①~④から1つ選びなさい.
① more ② less ③ most ④ least

問	7 17 空所 17 ① at	を補うのに最も適切な ② with	さものを,下の①~④☆ ③ along	から1つ選びなさい. ④ down
問	8 18 空所 18 ① have	を補うのに最も適切な ② meet	こものを,下の①~④☆ ③ do	から1つ選びなさい。 ④ give
問	9 19 空所 19 ① both	を補うのに最も適切な ② neither	さものを、下の①~④☆ ③ while	から1つ選びなさい. ④ too

#### 問10 20

本文の内容と $\underline{-\mathbf{y}$ するもの</u>を、下の①~④から1つ選びなさい.

- ① For a traditional rhyme in English, the beginning of the words must be the same.
- ② Similar sounds at the end of words are quite common in English.
- 3 Children learn to use rhymes in English when they are very young.
- 4 Rhymes are fun, but can cause serious problems when remembering things.

<ul><li>A 次の問1~3のそれぞ</li><li>1つずつ選びなさい。</li></ul>	れの語①~④から, <u>下</u> i	<mark>線部の発音</mark> が,他の3	つの場合と <mark>異なるもの</mark> を
問 1 21 ① v <u>a</u> lue	② favorite	③ magic	④ c <u>a</u> t
問 <b>2</b> 22 ①	② precious	3 session	④ meter
問 <b>3</b> 23 ① b <u>u</u> tter	② cube	③ interrupt	④ cr <u>u</u> sh
B 次の問4~5のそれぞ 場合と <b>異なるもの</b> を1つ		ーアクセント (第一強勢	勢) <b>の位置</b> が,他の3つの
<b>問 4</b> 24 1 af-fair	② rou-tine	③ ex-tend	4 bul-let

① en-ter-tain ② cir-cum-stance ③ in-ti-mate ④ ig-no-rant

**3** 次のA~Bに答えなさい.

問 5

25

4 次の問1~5について、英文を構成する上で <u>不適切な箇所</u> を、それぞれ下の①~③から1つず
つ選びなさい. もし <u>不適切な箇所がない場合</u> は④を選びなさい.
<b>問 1</b> <u>26</u>
Some say given enough time and instruction, any child can develop a special expertise. $\bigcirc$
Others, however, insist $\underline{\underline{gifted}}$ children are born, not made.
注 expertise: 専門的知識(技術)
問 2 27
$\frac{\text{The lecturer}}{\textcircled{1}} \text{ recommended } \underbrace{\frac{\text{to have read}}{\textcircled{2}}} \text{ a number of } \underbrace{\frac{\text{books}}{\textcircled{3}}} \text{ before the exam.}$
問 3 28
It $\underline{\underline{\text{was}}}$ very kind $\underline{\underline{\text{for}}}$ you to visit me $\underline{\underline{\text{when}}}$ I was ill.
問 4 29
An $\frac{\text{inflation}}{\textcircled{1}}$ rate of $\frac{\text{only }}{\textcircled{2}}$ 2 % $\frac{\text{makes}}{\textcircled{3}}$ a difference to experts.
問 5 30
The real significance of IQ tests will probably never $\underbrace{\text{establish}}_{\boxed{2}}$ , but nowadays, it is said
that the average score is $\frac{\text{around}}{3}$ 100.

5 次の会話文[A]~[B]	を読んで, 空所(	31 ~ 40 )を	輔うのに最も適切なものを,
 それぞれ下の①~④から	51つずつ選びなさい	. ただし2箇所ある 3	3 , 34 , 37
にはそれぞれ同じものか	『入る.		
[A]			
Uncle Ed : Happy birtl	hday, Alison! So how	v does it feel to be 21?	
Alison: Kind of stra	ange. I suddenly fee	l a little anxious, like I'm	31 fast enough.
Uncle Ed: But don't y	ou think you've acco	mplished 32 in the	e last few years?
Alison: Oh, I've ma a career.	naged to get good gr	rades, but I still haven't be	een able to decide 33
Uncle Ed: Well, what	do vou hope vou'll h	ave achieved 34 tl	he time you're 30?
	ng, I hope I'll have		ore important than that, I'd
	e made a good start		then.
ince to have	made a good start	33 my career	then.
31			
① moving ahead		② not moving ahe	-aq
<ul><li>3 moving back</li></ul>		4 not moving bac	
© moving back		o not moving bac	
32			
① a not bit	② not a bit	3 a quite bit	4 quite a bit
33			
① at	② of	3 on	4 to
34			
① by	② behind	3 against	4 under
35			
① more of world		2 more of the wo	orld
3 less of world		4 less of the work	ld
[B]			
(Jason and Maria are	friends having lun	ch at a restaurant.)	
Jason: This is a gr	eat restaurant for lu	nch! Thanks for inviting	me here.
Maria: 36.	It's good to see you	again.	
Jason: You too. W	hat have you been o	doing lately?	

Maria :	I've been buy	ing	a lot of items for or	ur hi	gh-tech store.		
Jason:	Is that hard?						
Maria:	It turns out the	hat 1	most of what we no	eed i	s on the Internet.		
Jason:	That must be	hel	pful.				
Maria:	If we didn't u	se tl	ne Internet, it woul	ld be	harder to make a	prof	it.
Jason:	It seems to m	e th	at your 37	coulc	d buy those things	dire	ctly.
Maria :	Frankly, they	cou	ld. But our 37	] 1	ike to see what the	ey're	buying.
Jason:	Have you four	nd a	ny way to get spec	cial c	liscounts?		
Maria:	Yes. We ofte	n ge	et 38 prices	whe	n we buy large am	ount	S.
Jason:	Internet shop	ping	g is working for you	u. M	ly experience has l	oeen	worse.
Maria:	That's 39		I'm afraid you're	righ	t for clothes and sh	ioes.	Things like that.
Jason:	I guess shopp	ers	40 no matte	er ho	w they shop.		
Maria:	True. Or you	ı coı	ıld shop with us ar	nd re	lax.		
36 ① My	er:買物客 pleasure	2	Your pleasure	3	My pleasant	4	Your pleasant
1 gue	ests	2	hosts	3	customers	4	employees
38	her	2	lower	3	more costly	4	less costly
39 ① at t	he best	2	at the worst	3	too good	4	too bad
40							
① hav	e to be careful			2	don't have to be o	caref	ul
3 hav	e to be careles	s		4	don't have to be o	carele	ess

6 次の問 つ選びな	【1~5の英文の下線部の意味として最も適切なものを、それぞれ下の①~④から1つず さい。
tech ① ② ③	The must make sure that we keep pace with new developments in computer analogy.  The reach the initial stage of the reduce our speed as we approach walk away from a difficult situations by make changes in reaction to
① ② ③	he whole of the village was out looking for the children during the storm.  A broad landscape of the village  Chief charm of the village  Everyone in the village  The central area of the village
注 ① ②	he Labour Party has attacked the government's <u>poor showing on</u> unemployment. the Labour Party: (イギリスの)労働党 efficient effort and success in dealing with lack of effort and success in dealing with hard-line policy for diplomatic policy for
	his cloth is similar to wool, only cheaper.  and today  ② and nothing like today

3 but more stylish and

4 except that it is

### 問 5 45

I saw some horrific pictures on the news last night and I  $\underline{\text{can't get them out of my}}$  mind.

注 horrific: 恐ろしい

- ① am quite indifferent to them
- 2 could be more dangerous for them
- 3 can't remember them
- 4 can't stop thinking about them

Mary and Jane so 46 the		かない.		-	ているので,私には区 -	
alike / can't / difference / on / phone / sound / tell / that  ① alike ② phone ③ on ④ sound  問 2 彼は善悪の区別がつかないほど愚かではない. He is not	_	Mary and Jane 		_	1	_
問 2 彼は善悪の区別がつかないほど愚かではない.  He is not		alike / can't			nd / tell / that	
He is not	(	① alike	② phone	③ on	4 sound	i
	[	① tell	② be	③ right	4 unable	
	(	① tell	② be	③ right	4 unable	
① overwhelmed ② by ③ diet ④ desire    1	問3	減量して以来の	Uけ食べたいという器	望に茎しめられてきた	•	
問 4 多くの人々はたとえ少々値段が高くても、環境に優しい粉末洗剤を購入しようとする.  Many people buy 49 washing powders they expensive.  environmentally / even / more / friendly / if / slightly / will	問 3					<u>.</u>
Many people buy 49 washing powders they expensive.	問 3	I've been	a, I'v	e 48	ato	-
environmentally / even / more / friendly / if / slightly / will		been / by /	desire / diet /	e 48 eat / on / ove	a to rwhelmed / since	
	(	been / by /  overwhelmed	desire / diet /	e 48	a to rwhelmed / since  4 desire	
	(	Been / by /  ① overwhelmed  多くの人々はたる  Many peopleexp	aa, I'v desire / diet / ② by とえ少々値段が高くて buy 49 ensive.	e48 g eat / on / ove ③ diet Tも、環境に優しい粉末 washing powe	atorwhelmed / since  ④ desire  法治を購入しようとす dersth	

he	, you	be	it will be	50 good	, and
ght for the			_		·
can / in	/ just / sı	ıre / taste	e / wears /	whatever /	occasion