英

語

試 験 日 平成 26 年 11 月 15 日 (土曜日)

開始時刻 午前 10 時 30 分 終了時刻 午前 11 時 30 分

## 注意事項

- 1. この冊子は11ページです。落丁、乱丁、印刷の不鮮明などがあった場合には申し出て ください。
- 解答はかならず解答用紙(マークシート)の指定されたところ(1~45)に記入してください。
- 3. 解答用紙の受験番号欄には、かならず受験番号 (7ケタ) を記入し、その番号をマークしてください。
- 4. 解答用紙への記入はかならず黒鉛筆を、解答を消す場合は、プラスチック消しゴムを 使用してください。
- 5. 解答用紙は試験が終了したら、かならず提出してください.
- 6. 試験室内で配布された問題用紙は、持ち帰って結構です。



空所 1 ~ 3 に入る最も適切なものを、①~④から1つずつ 選びなさい。

- ① I hope she is all right.
- ② I can't remember.
- 3 That's good news.
- 4 I don't think I do.

問 4

次の質問の答えとして最も適切なものを、①~④から1つ選びなさい.

Why did Karen's mother call Laura's mother?

- 1 To check if Laura ate salad.
- ② To check if Laura shared her dinner with Karen.
- ③ To check how Laura was feeling.
- 4 To check how Laura liked the fish.

問 5

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次の質問の答えとして最も適切なものを、① $\sim$ 4から1 $\sim$ 選びなさい.

When did Karen eat a bag of potato chips?

- 1 Late last night.
- 2 Early in the morning.
- 3 For dinner last night.
- 4 A few minutes ago.

**A** 次の会話を読んで、下の問 1 ~ 3 , 問 4 と問 5 に答えなさい。

Karen: Mom, I think I'm sick. Can I stay home today?

Karen's mother: Oh no! Do you have a fever?

Karen: 1

Karen's mother: Then, what's the matter?

Karen: I have a very bad stomachache.

Karen's mother: Hmm... I wonder if it was something you ate. What did you

have for dinner last night?

Karen: Laura and I went to a seafood restaurant. I had a salad and some fish.

Karen's mother: Did Laura have the same?

Karen: Yes. Laura and I shared a large plate of fish. Oh, but she didn't have a

salad.

Karen's mother: Let me call Laura's mother to see how Laura is doing.

Karen: Okay. 2

A few minutes later...

Karen's mother: Karen, Laura's mom says Laura is fine and is already at school.

Karen: 3 So, it probably wasn't the fish. Maybe it was the salad?

Karen's mother: Did you have anything else to eat?

Karen: Well... I ate a bag of potato chips after I got home... At around 11:30 p.m....

Karen's mother: A whole bag of potato chips before going to bed? Karen! That's what's made you sick!

—1—

**B** 次の間 6  $\sim$  10 の会話を読んで、それぞれの空所に入る最も適切なものを、 $(1\sim(4)$ から1つ選びなさい。

問 6 A: What's wrong? You don't look so great.

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: Why don't you go and see a doctor?

B: I will, after my class.

- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{1}}$  I feel positive.
- ② I feel well.
- 3 I don't feel too positive.
- 4 I don't feel too well.

問 7 A: \_\_\_\_\_

- B: No, I haven't.
- A: We were supposed to meet here 10 minutes ago.
- (1) Have you seen my friend, Jane?
- 2 Have you finished reading your book?
- 3 Do you have the time?
- 4 Do you have an appointment?

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6 次の英文を読んで、問 36 ~ 45 に答えなさい.

Alfred Bernhard Nobel was born on October 21, 1833 in Sweden. He invented a powerful explosive\* named "dynamite"\*\* in 1887. It was said that Alfred Nobel invented dynamite at a perfect moment in time. At that time many countries were beginning to build railroads and tunnels, so they needed a safe powerful explosive to construct railroad tracks through mountains. People also needed dynamite to 36 stone in order to construct buildings and roads. Alfred Nobel invented dynamite for these peaceful purposes. Moreover, he believed that if all countries had the same powerful weapons, they would see how impossible war was, and wars would end. In fact, this was a popular idea of his day.

However, unfortunately, people started calling Nobel "The Dynamite King" or "A Salesman of Death." He was very upset about the image that the world had of him, but he did not know what to do about it. He thought about his 38 for years. He wanted to think of the best way for people to use his fortune of \$9 million after his death.

Then in 1895, a young man named Salomon August Andree made plans for a trip to reach the North Pole\*\*\*. People all over the world were very excited about Andree's journey, including Nobel. When Nobel read about Andree's plan in the newspaper, he came up with an idea. He finally knew what to do with his fortune. He wrote his will, and then he announced that he wanted people to use all of his 39 for an annual award as an honor to the leaders of science, literature and world peace. He stated that these leaders would be men or women of any nation.

Alfred Nobel died on December 10, 1896, at the age of 63. He was not married and had no children. People all over the world wondered who was going to get Nobel's money. They were amazed when they learned of Alfred Nobel's plan to award annual prizes in the fields of physics, chemistry, medicine, literature and peace. The first Nobel Prizes were awarded in 1901, and they very soon became the greatest honor that a person could receive in these fields. In 1969, an award for economics was added. In this way, Alfred Nobel established the Nobel Prize, and the world thinks of him the way he wanted to be remembered: "Alfred Nobel, a man of peace."

(注) explosive\* 「爆発物」 dynamite\*\* 「ダイナマイト」 the North Pole\*\*\*「北極」

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問 42

次の質問の答えとして最も適切なものを、①~④から1つ選びなさい.

Why was it said that Alfred Nobel invented dynamite at a perfect time?

- ① Because people needed dynamite to proceed with wars.
- 2 Because people needed a powerful explosive for the construction of railroads.
- (3) Because Alfred Nobel wanted to be successful as a scientist.
- 4 Because Alfred Nobel wanted to be the richest man in his country.

問 43

次の質問の答えとして最も適切なものを、①~④から1つ選びなさい.

What did Alfred Nobel think when he heard of Salomon August Andree's plan?

- 1 He wanted to travel with him to the North Pole.
- ② He realized what to do with his fortune.
- $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathfrak{J}}}$  He wished to get married and have a family.
- 4 He decided to donate all of his money to his country.

問 44

英文の内容に一致しないものを、①~④から1つ選びなさい.

- ① アルフレッド・ノーベルは平和的な目的で使われるようにダイナマイトを発明した.
- ② ダイナマイトの発明によって、アルフレッド・ノーベルは人々から「死の商人」と 呼ばれた。
- ③ アルフレッド・ノーベルは北極探検をした青年に失望した
- ④ ノーベル経済学賞は 1969 年から授与されるようになった.

問 45

この英文のタイトルとして最も適切なものを、①~④から1つ選びなさい.

- ① Alfred Nobel's Family and Fortune
- 2 The History of Dynamite and Wars
- 3 The Story of Alfred Nobel and the Nobel Prizes
- ④ Alfred Nobel's Young Days and His Dream

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